本卷為校內專用卷，恕不販售，歡迎教師自行影印。

康軒文教事業

3 上 114學年 題庫段考卷 範圍 第一次段考(L1-L2)

___年___班___號 姓名_____ 總分

一、字彙測驗：(每題 2 分，共 14 分)

1. （　）Helen bought and downloaded many useful _____ on her smartphone to learn English.
(A) interests (B) apps (C) tips (D) reasons

《答案》B

詳解：Helen 在她的智慧型手機上購買並下載許多有用的「應用程式」來學習英文。

2. （　）A：Don't be _____. Come and touch my pet dog.
B：No, thanks. I'm afraid of dogs.
(A) scared (B) interested (C) excited (D) tired

《答案》A

詳解：A：別「害怕」。過來摸摸我的寵物狗。 B：不了，謝謝。我怕狗。

3. （　）Your _____ plan is perfect. We will enjoy ourselves for sure.
(A) century (B) type (C) holiday (D) subject

《答案》C

詳解：你的「假期」計畫很完美。我們一定會玩得很愉快。

4. （　）A：How will we celebrate Dad's birthday?
B：Well. It'll be a _____.
A：Come on. You said so last year, but you didn't buy anything for him.
(A) service (B) surprise (C) list (D) reason

《答案》B

詳解：A：我們要如何慶祝爸爸的生日？ B：嗯。這將會是個「驚喜」。 A：少來了。你去年就這樣說，但你沒有買任何東西給他。

5. （　）Mr. Chen is a(n) _____ baseball coach（教練）. All of his students play baseball well.
(A) thick (B) common (C) main (D) excellent

《答案》D

詳解：由「他所有的學生棒球都打得很好」可推知，陳先生是位「優秀的」棒球教練。

6. （　）You will get a 20% _____ if you show your student ID（學生證）at that restaurant.
(A) discount (B) service (C) choice (D) chance

《答案》A

詳解：如果你在那間餐廳秀出你的學生證，你就享有八「折」。

7. （　）A：We will visit your restaurant this Saturday, but we don't know where it is.
B：I will send a map to your cellphone and show you its _____.
(A) delivery (B) uniform
(C) discount (D) location

《答案》D

詳解：A：我們這週六將會去拜訪你的餐廳，但我們卻不知道它在哪裡。 B：我將會把地圖傳送到你的手機，並向你顯示它的「位置」。

二、文法測驗：(每題 2 分，共 20 分)

1. （　）Do you think they will be _____ when they see us? We didn't tell them we would go to the party tonight.
(A) surprising (B) surprise
(C) surprised (D) surprises

《答案》C

詳解：子句中的主詞為人（they），且根據句意，當他們看到我們時會「感到驚訝」嗎，故應填過去分詞當形容詞的 surprised。

2. （　）Look at this old building. It has stood here _____ the sixteenth century.
(A) after (B) for (C) since (D) to

《答案》C

詳解：「since＋時間點」表「自……開始」，常與現在完成式連用。

3. （　）Jim is good at math, so he is bored _____ the math questions in class. They are too easy for him.
(A) at (B) on (C) with (D) to

《答案》C

詳解：bored 後接介系詞 with，表示「對……感到無聊」。

4. （　）Sara wants to find a new job because doing the same things every day _____ her.
(A) feels bored (B) is boring to
(C) boring (D) bores to

《答案》B

詳解：「某事使某人（感到）無聊」的用法為「事＋bores＋人」或「事＋be boring to＋人」。doing the same things every day 為主詞，視為單數，若後面接「be boring to＋人」，be 動詞要用 is 或 was。

5. （　）A：Were you surprised _____ Hank came yesterday?
B：Yes. In fact, many of my friends were surprised _____ that, too.
(A) to; at (B) to; ╳ (C) ╳; at (D) that; to

《答案》C

詳解：用「人＋be surprised＋(that)＋名詞子句」與「人＋be surprised＋at…」表示「某人對……感到驚訝」。

6. （　）I _____ Japan several times and I plan to visit it again next month.
(A) go to (B) have gone to
(C) have been in (D) have been to

《答案》D

詳解：「have / has been in＋某地」表示停留在某地，「have / has been to＋某地」表示有到過某地的經驗。

7. （　）A：Jamie told me _____ you are scared of big dogs.
B：Yes. They all look _____.
(A) that; scared (B) that; afraid
(C) ╳; scary (D) what; scary

《答案》C

詳解：that 用來引導名詞子句，當作 told 的直接受詞，可省略；第二格某物看起來「令人害怕的」，形容詞為 scary。afraid 意為「感到害怕的」，不符合句意，故不可選。

8. （　）A：Why didn't you talk to Josh about this?
B：He _____ phone calls since he entered the office this morning. He is very busy.
(A) takes (B) is taking
(C) has been taking (D) have taken

《答案》C

詳解：Josh 一直在接聽電話（take phone calls），可用「現在完成式」或「現在完成進行式」。且主詞為第三人稱單數，故用 has。

9. （　）A：_____ Lily and Jasmine _____ in Hualien?
B：Yes. They arrived there an hour ago. I think they are at the hotel now.
(A) Have; gone (B) Will; arrive
(C) Have; arrived (D) Are; arriving

《答案》C

詳解：用現在完成式詢問 Lily 和 Jasmine 是否已經抵達花蓮，由於空格後有 in，因此不能用「have gone to＋某地」表示。

10. （　）A：You should throw away your old cellphone.
B：I _____. I _____ already _____ a new one. Here it is.
(A) did; ╳; buy (B) do; have; bought
(C) did; have; buy (D) did; have; bought

《答案》D

詳解：由上下語意可知是已經買了新手機，故第一格要用過去式助動詞；第二格用現在完成式「have / has＋過去分詞」表達已完成的動作。

三、克漏字選擇：(每個答案 2 分，共 18 分)

1.

From：Allie Stevenson (allie@metroman.com)
To：Sebastian Favreau (sebfav@mail.net)
Date：Thursday, April 1, 2021
Subject：Special Gift

Dear Mr. Favreau,

It's a pleasure to be able to write this letter to you. When we look over your shopping history, we can see that __1.__. It's really nice to be able to stay in business with customers like you for so long.

We want to thank you for choosing us for all your needs when it comes to clothes. We are __2.__ giving you a special gift to show our thanks. You will get a 25% discount on everything in our online shop. __3.__ The discount is valid for one year. To get it, the only thing you have to do is entering SBF520 on your orders. That lets our people know __4.__ you are our special customer.

__5.__ you have any questions or need any help with your next purchase, please let us know.

All the best,
Allie Stevenson

📖 pleasure 榮幸 online 線上的 valid 有效的 purchase 購買

（　）1. (A) we haven't been there since last year
(B) you have bought things from us for ten years
(C) it happened a really long time ago
(D) you will visit them in about a month or maybe sooner

（　）2. (A) surprised at (B) bored with
(C) scared of (D) excited about

（　）3. (A) You can use it on shirts, pants, shoes, and jackets.
(B) Our models are wearing our latest sunglasses.
📖 model 模特兒
(C) You can make a cute dress or even a pair of socks.
(D) All skirts and women's bags are pretty and interesting.

（　）4. (A) who (B) what (C) that (D) which

（　）5. (A) Since (B) Although
(C) Because (D) If

《答案》1. B 2. D 3. A 4. C 5. D

詳解：1. 本句提到，當我們查看您過往的購買資料，且下一句提到非常高興能與像您這樣的客戶做生意「這麼久的時間」，可知空格內為我們可以看到「過去十年來，您一直跟我們買東西」。

2. 前一句提到 Metroman 公司要「感謝」Favreau 先生購買衣服，可知 Metroman 公司「很興奮」要給 Favreau 先生一個特別的禮物做為酬謝。

3. 內文提到於本公司網購的任何物品都享有 25% 的折扣，而且有效期達一年，推故此句應為「折扣可用於買襯衫、長褲、鞋子和夾克」，符合上下語意。

4. that 引導名詞子句當動詞的受詞。

5. 根據語意，可知「如果」Favreau 先生有任何問題或是對下一次的購買需要幫助，都可以告知。

2.

How to Make New Friends

Some teenagers have problems making new friends. __1.__ If you want to make new friends, always be ready to hold out your hand and show people you are interested in making friends with them. Try to start with small talk. __2.__, such as sports, music, or movies. People usually feel comfortable when they find they have something in common with you. But don't talk about yourself all the time. Nobody likes to be a listener forever. Allow others to have a chance to share their ideas or experiences. Don't __3.__ when they talk. If they feel you are listening to them, they will enjoy your company even more. __4.__, always remember that friendship is a two-way thing. If you are friendly to others, others will be friendly to you, too.

📖 listener 聽者 forever 永遠地 allow 允許 company 陪伴 friendship 友誼 friendly 友善的

（　）1. (A) What makes a good friend and why?
(B) Have you ever had this problem before?
(C) Do you think it's wrong not to want any friends?
(D) Which type of people do you want to be your friends?

（　）2. (A) Make a list
(B) Celebrate holidays
(C) Pick a popular subject
(D) Take a class to meet people

（　）3. (A) feel scared (B) look bored
(C) feel excited (D) be surprised

（　）4. (A) However (B) In a word
(C) Since then (D) First of all

《答案》1. B 2. C 3. B 4. B

詳解：1. 由標題以及延續前句指出的青少年結交新朋友的問題，反問讀者是否也有相同的經驗。

2. 由前句提到「試著從簡短對話開始」及後方列舉「運動、音樂及電影」，推知此句是「挑選一個受歡迎的主題」。

3. 由前後句說明要先傾聽他人的話，當對方認為自己有在傾聽時，對方會更喜歡這段友誼，所以在聽他人說話時不可以顯得無聊。

4. 由後文內容可知是在做總結，故選 in a word 表「簡而言之；一言以蔽之」最符合前後語意。

四、閱讀測驗：(每個答案 2 分，共 30 分)

1.

Colors affect everyone. Science has now connected them to people's desire for food. Actually, some colors make people want to eat more. For example, yellow makes people feel happy, and when they feel that way, they can't help but put food into their mouths. Also, when people want to eat healthy food, they usually choose green food. That's because green usually means fresh and healthy. Another is the color orange. It makes people feel comfortable and welcome, so they feel like eating more. The strongest color is red. It makes people's blood move faster.

This makes people want to eat even more.

On the other hand, foods in black, brown, purple, and blue might keep people away. When people see the first one, they don't want to eat the food because they think it has gone bad. For brown food, people might think the food has been cooked for too long, so they don't want to put that in their mouths. Purple food is hard to find in the world, and the common ones like eggplants are not delicious enough for most people. Last but not least, when people see blue, they cool down. Soon, they want to sleep instead of eating.

📖 affect 影響 connect 連結 desire 慾望 blood 血液 purple 紫色的 eggplant 茄子

（ ）1. What is the topic of the reading?

(A) Easy holiday ideas.
(B) Different food colors.
(C) Favorite school subjects.
(D) Common health problems.

（ ）2. What does "it" mean in the reading?

(A) Science.
(B) Food in black.
(C) The color brown.
(D) The taste of eggplants.

《答案》1. B 2. B

詳解：1. 由第一段第二句可知，科學已連結顏色和食慾，而全文在說明兩者間的關係，故可知「食物的顏色」為本文的主題。

2. 由 first one 回推第二段依序提到的四種食物顏色，第一項是「黑色的食物」。

2.

Ann Landers...
Answer Your Problems

Dear Ann Landers,

I am anxious for my youngest daughter. She has been eating less and less at every meal over the past few months. She told me she was not hungry, but I didn't believe her. I have found half-eaten fruit and empty juice bottles in her room many times. What's more, she gets tired more easily and doesn't want to move or go out now.

It's strange because she loved playing sports and hanging out with her friends in her free time before. She used to be happy, healthy, and full of life, but now, all that has changed. If she really has an eating problem, I want to put a stop to it. What should I do?—Anxious mom

Dear Mom,

You are right. Your daughter has an eating problem, but it's not too late. She hasn't done too much damage to her body, so you can still help her.

To fix this problem, you need to talk to your daughter and find out more about her life. When you sit down with her, you should talk to her as her friend and not her mom. That way, she might share and listen more.

📖 empty 空的 tired 疲勞的 hang out 一起打發時間 damage 損害

（ ）1. What does it mean when someone is "anxious"?

(A) They are not kind or friendly.
(B) They are happy about something.
(C) They are worried about something.
(D) They don't want to give or share things.

（ ）2. What can we know about the daughter from the two letters?

(A) She can't stop eating.
(B) Something is wrong with her.
(C) She has never left her room.
(D) Nobody wants to spend time with her.

《答案》1. C 2. B

詳解：1. 由第一封信內容說明女兒遇到的問題可知，這位母親很「擔心」她的女兒。

2. 由第一封信的第一、二句，投稿的母親說她很擔心女兒吃太少，可知她的女兒遇到一些問題。

3.

Blythe Jones is back. The writer of the popular series on witches has written a new book, and it's going to hit bookstores this spring.

In *The Dark Well*, Jones continues Penelope's story. The young witch lives in Salem, Massachusetts in the 21st century. She is tired of all the questions about her powers, so she tries to live a quiet and boring life. One day, she gets a surprise visitor. He is a reporter from Boston and is tracking down a story. He thinks the piece of news is really interesting, and it has led him right to Penelope's door. However, she thinks he's strange and isn't interested in helping him. The reporter doesn't give up, and after some time, he gets her to agree. When the young man starts digging up information about the scary dark well in her garden, things take a surprising turn.

Although I like Jones' other books, this new one is quite boring. It takes too long for the reporter to find Penelope and even longer to get her help. Also, it's not surprising to see them become lovers because that kind of thing has happened many times in the series before. Besides, no one in their right mind would believe that two people would fall in love because of a dark well.

📖 series 系列 witch 女巫 well 井 continue 繼續 power 力量 track down 追蹤 information 消息 quite 相當

（ ）1. What is the purpose of the reading?

📖 purpose 目的

(A) To show all the popular spots in Boston.

📖 spot 地點

(B) To talk about a new piece of written work.
(C) To teach people to write like Blythe Jones.
(D) To report on the treatment of Salem witches.

📖 treatment 治療；療法

（ ）2. How did the writer feel about the new book?

(A) He / She didn't want it to end.
(B) He / She never got tired of the story.
(C) He / She didn't think it was interesting.
(D) He / She felt it was Jones' best work.

（ ）3. Which is true?

(A) The reporter found Penelope because he wanted to do a story on her.
(B) Penelope doesn't want people to know about her powers.
(C) *The Dark Well* is already out in stores.
(D) Jones has never written about people falling in love before.

《答案》1. B 2. C 3. B

詳解：1. 本文為評論 *The Dark Well* 的書評。

2. 第三段提到，本文作者雖然喜歡 Blythe Jones 的其它作品，卻覺得 *The Dark Well* 很無聊。

3. 第二段提到，Penelope 受不了大家對她擁有魔法而問東問西，所以嘗試過著平靜且無趣的生活。

4.

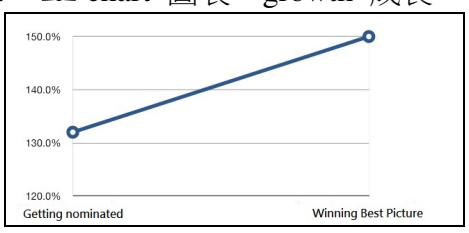
Since the 1920s, the Oscars have been Hollywood's most important events, and winning an Oscar has been a dream for everyone in the movie industry. The movie itself is not the only reason for winning an Oscar. The producers spend a lot of time going to parties and holding previews. Asking reporters to write about their movies costs a lot of money, too. Is winning an Oscar really worth all that hard work and money?

Almost all the movies become successful after they are nominated for Best Picture. Because of the news, more and more people will notice those movies and be interested in them. Take *Birdman*, the Best Picture winner in 2015, for example. After its nomination, its box office sales suddenly grew 132%. However, its sales grew less than 8% after it won the Oscar. That still made people believe it was truly a good movie. Though some think the Oscars don't choose the real best picture of the year anymore, most movie makers will keep working hard for that title to win at the box office.

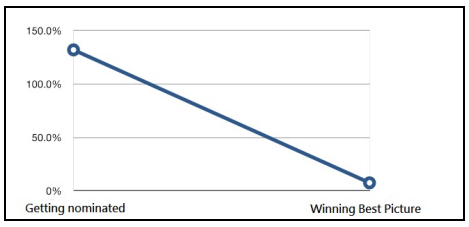
📖 industry 產業 reason 理由 producer 製作人 preview 試映會 worth 值得的 nominate / nomination 提名 interested 感興趣的 title 頭銜

（ ）1. Which chart shows the growth of *Birdman*'s sales at the box office? 📖 chart 圖表 growth 成長

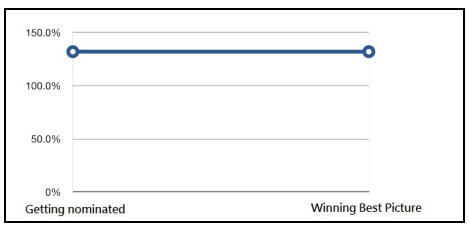
(A)



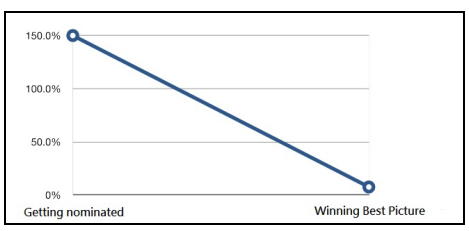
(B)



(C)



(D)



（ ）2. Which is NOT true?

(A) Making movies may cost a lot of money.

(B) *Birdman* won the Oscars for Best Picture in 2015.

(C) Every Best Picture winner is sure to be the best movie of that year.

(D) Producers spend a lot of time holding previews about their movies.

《答案》1. B 2. C

詳解：1. 文中提到，《鳥人》在贏得奧斯卡提名後票房成長 132%，而得到最佳影片後票房成長趨緩，僅成長不到 8%。

2. 文末提及，很多人並不認為奧斯卡選出的最佳影片是真正的年度最佳電影。

5.

A Successful Mistake - Post-it Notes

How does a mistake become a successful product? Post-it Notes are a good example. In 1968, a 3M researcher, Spencer Silver, was trying to make a very strong glue to be used in building planes. However, he came up with something different instead. He made a very weak glue. At the time, nobody could think of a use for this weak glue, but he believed he would find a use for it one day. Many years later, another 3M researcher, Arthur Fry, had a problem of losing his notes in his church song book. He was tired of <u>that</u>. One day, an idea came into Arthur's mind. He remembered Spencer's glue and tried some on his bookmarks. It worked wonderfully! Arthur saw that his bookmarks stayed in place. To his surprise, he could easily take them away from the pages and stick them again. In 1974, the idea of Post-it Note was born, and Arthur then started making the notes with Silver's glue for 3M. Spencer, Arthur, and their team spent several years working to make sure the glue stayed on the piece of note but not on the page. After a successful product test, Post-it Notes hit the market in 1980. Since then, Post-it Notes have become one of the most popular office products in the world. There are now more than 600 Post-it Note products sold in more than 100 countries. Have you ever used Post-it Notes? What do you think of this successful mistake?

📖 Post-it Note 便利貼 product 產品 researcher 研究員 glue 膠;膠水 build 建造 weak 不合標準的 bookmark 書籤 stick 黏貼 born 誕生的

（ ）1. What is the topic of this reading?

(A) Tips for writing notes.

(B) The history of Post-it Notes.

(C) A successful company－3M.

(D) Ways to stop making mistakes.

（ ）2. What does "<u>that</u>" mean?

(A) Arthur couldn't find his church song book.

(B) Spencer couldn't stop making mistakes on his job.

(C) Arthur was bored with his job as a researcher.

(D) Arthur's notes kept falling out of his church song book.

（ ）3. What is the correct order of the following events?

① 3M held a market test and began selling Post-it Notes.

② Spencer made weak glue, and nobody was interested in it.

③ Arthur put glue on a piece of paper and used the paper as a bookmark.

④ Researchers tried to find a way to get the glue to stick to the note and not come off.

(A) ①④②③ (B) ④②③① (C) ②③④① (D) ②③①④

《答案》1. B 2. D 3. C

詳解：1. 由標題與文章中重複出現 Post-it Notes，而文章依時序說明便利貼的發想、產出到銷售，可知主題與便利貼的歷史有關。

2. 前句提到他歌本上的便條紙常會不見，故對此感到厭煩，並且想找到解決此問題的辦法。

3. 由時間排序的關鍵字可知以下事件排序：首先，Spencer 在 1968 年製造出一種黏性弱的膠水。多年後，Arthur 利用 Spencer 的膠水在書籤上。接著，兩人的團隊進行測試與改良 ，確保膠水附著在便利貼上，而不是書本的頁面。最後終於成功通過商品測試，並在 1980 年上市販售。故正確順

序為 ②③④①。

6.

If you're a fan of chocolate like I am, then you know the treat is not only delicious but also good for you. However, there's a dark and sad side to chocolate, and few people know about it. What can be dark about something that's so delicious?

Cocoa is the main thing in chocolate, and most of the cocoa comes from small farms in West Africa. I don't know if you know this, but children, between 10 to 15 years old or even younger, have worked as slaves on those farms. In fact, the practice has been around for many years, and little has changed.

These days, over two million children are working in the fields of Ghana and the Ivory Coast. Instead of having fun and enjoying school, these children work long hours in dangerous environments. They may have to carry heavy things, spray cocoa trees with pesticides, and burn fields to clear them.

Even worse is the fact that many of the children in the cocoa industry were sold to the farms to fix their families' money problems. Sometimes they are even stolen from their parents, never to see them again. I know I can do something to help those poor children and still enjoy my chocolate treat. With that in mind, I have decided not to buy chocolate from the companies which use child workers.

📖 cocoa 可可 farm 農場 slave 奴隸 million 百萬 spray 噴灑 pesticide 農藥 burn 燃燒 industry 產業 stolen 被偷走的 company 公司

（ ）1. What is the reading mainly about?
(A) The lives of cocoa farmers.
(B) Child workers in the cocoa industry.
(C) A popular snack in West Africa.
(D) Good and bad points about chocolate.

（ ）2. Which is NOT true about the children in the chocolate industry?
(A) They work in safe and healthy environments.
(B) Most of them are between the ages of 10 to 15.
(C) They have no choice but to work long hours.
(D) There are at least two million child workers in West Africa.

（ ）3. How does the writer feel about child workers in the chocolate industry?
(A) The writer thinks it's wrong.
(B) The writer doesn't worry about it.
(C) The writer thinks it's all good.
(D) The writer thinks they can make a lot of money.

《答案》1. B 2. A 3. A

詳解：1. 由第二、三、四段所舉的例子可知，主要是在說明可可童工的問題。

2. 由第三段說明的工作內容可知，不僅工時很長，同時也會接觸到農藥與火，可知他們的工作環境並不安全也不健康。

3. 由第一段作者認為巧克力有黑暗的一面，與最後一段作者說要抵制使用童工的巧克力公司，可知作者認為這是個問題，而且使用童工是錯誤的。

五、依提示回答問題：(每題 3 分，共 9 分)

1. Finishing the homework in an hour is difficult.
（用 I know… 改寫句子）

_____

《答案》I know (that) finishing the homework in an hour is difficult.

詳解：「人＋know (that)＋名詞子句」表示「某人了解某事」，句中 that 可以省略。

2. Yes, my parents have been to Tainan.（造原問句）

_____

《答案》Have your parents (ever) been to Tainan?

詳解：現在完成式的問句句型為「Have / Has...＋過去分詞?」，且主詞為第三人稱複數，助動詞用 Have。

3. Tina is mopping the floor.
She started to mop the floor at 6:00.
（用現在完成式合併句子）

_____

《答案》Tina has mopped the floor since 6:00.

詳解：「現在完成式＋since＋過去時間點」表示「自過去某時間點開始已經在做某件事」。

六、整句式翻譯：(每題 3 分，共 9 分)

1. Wendy 是一位很優秀的學生。她擅長所有學科。

_____

《答案》Wendy is an excellent student. She is good at all subjects.

2. 你曾經使用過食物外送應用程式嗎？我弟弟告訴我它們是方便且有用的。

_____

《答案》Have you ever used food delivery apps? My brother told me (that) they were convenient and helpful.

3. Cindy 已經去美國了。她下週末會回臺灣。

_____

《答案》Cindy has (already) gone to America / the USA. She will be / come back to Taiwan next weekend.

本卷為校內專用卷，恕不販售，歡迎教師自行影印。

康軒文教事業

3上 114學年 題庫段考卷 範圍 第二次段考(L3-L4)

___年___班___號 姓名_____ 總分

一、字彙測驗：(每題 2 分，共 12 分)

1. （　）Grace can't see things clearly because she is almost _____ in her left eye.
(A) honest　(B) modern　(C) blind　(D) glad

《答案》C

詳解：由「無法看清楚東西」可知，Grace 應是左眼幾乎全「盲」。

2. （　）Julia：Is Lily's new dress beautiful?
Billy：No, it's _____. I don't know why she bought it.
(A) lovely　(B) helpless　(C) ugly　(D) powerful

《答案》C

詳解：Julia：Lily 的新洋裝漂亮嗎？　Billy：不，它很「醜」。我不明白她為什麼會買。

3. （　）Susan screamed（尖叫）and cried because she saw a(n) _____ on her seat. She thought it was scary.
(A) engineer　(B) lawyer　(C) spider　(D) present

《答案》C

詳解：由「她覺得它很可怕」可知，Susan 在座位上看見的應是「蜘蛛」。

4. （　）Remember to write a(n) _____ to your grandma. She misses you so much.
(A) dictionary　(B) e-mail
(C) notebook　(D) airport

《答案》B

詳解：記得寫封「電子郵件」給你的外婆。她很想念你。

5. （　）Lucy：What's your _____ of Hank?
Enid：He is the most selfish（自私的）person I've ever seen.
(A) power　(B) value　(C) opinion　(D) heart

《答案》C

詳解：Lucy：你對 Hank 有什麼「意見」？　Enid：他是我見過最自私的人。

6. （　）According to（根據）the news report, to make more young people stay instead of going to big cities for work, over 3,000 new jobs will be _____ in this town.
(A) created　(B) prayed
(C) defined　(D) explained

《答案》A

詳解：根據那則新聞報導，為了讓更多年輕人留下，而不是到大城市工作，這個城鎮將會「創造」超過三千個就業機會。

二、文法測驗：(每題 2 分，共 20 分)

1. （　）A：I forgot _____ you told me on the phone.
B：I told you not to come home late tonight.
(A) whether　(B) where　(C) why　(D) what

《答案》D

詳解：由 B 重述電話內容可知，A 是忘記 B 在電話中說了「什麼」，疑問詞用 what。

2. （　）Emily wasn't sure _____ that was her dictionary. So, she checked the name on the cover（封面）.
(A) where　(B) whether　(C) what　(D) when

《答案》B

詳解：Emily 不確定那「是否」是她的字典，連接詞用 whether。

3. （　）The motorcycle has been parked in front of my house for over a month.　Do you know _____ motorcycle it is?
(A) that　(B) who　(C) whose　(D) where

《答案》C

詳解：你知道這臺是「誰的」機車嗎？疑問詞用 whose。

4. （　）The latest model（型號）of the smartphone won't be on the market until next month, so it _____ in any stores now.
(A) can't buy　(B) hasn't bought
(C) can't be bought　(D) hasn't been bought

《答案》C

詳解：最新型的智慧型手機無法「被」買到，用被動語態。

5. （　）We want to hold a welcome party for Mr. and Mrs. Lee, but we are not sure _____ tomorrow.
(A) can they come　(B) whether can they come
(C) if can they come　(D) whether they can come

《答案》D

詳解：whether / if 引導的名詞子句句型為「whether / if＋主詞（＋助動詞）＋動詞…(＋or not)」。

6. （　）Andy：Helen, is the beef ready?　It _____ for two hours.
Helen：Oh, yes.　It's ready.　Just turn the fire off.
(A) is cooked　(B) was cooked
(C) cooks　(D) has been cooked

《答案》D

詳解：牛肉是「被煮」，且 for two hours 應搭配現在完成式，故動詞用現在完成式被動語態。

7. （　）Alex didn't have to go to work today.　However, after he watched TV for two hours, he had no idea _____.
(A) to do what　(B) what to do
(C) how he did　(D) how do to

《答案》B

詳解：Alex 不知道「該做什麼」，疑問詞用 what；不定詞片語的用法為「wh- 疑問詞＋to V」。

8. （　）A：Do you know _____ a good friend?
B：A good friend knows _____.
(A) how to do; his friend needs
(B) what to be; does his friend need
(C) how to be; what his friend needs
(D) what to do; what does his friend need

《答案》C

詳解：你知道「要如何當」一個好朋友嗎？疑問詞用 how；wh- 疑問詞引導的名詞子句句型為「wh- 疑問詞＋主詞＋動詞」。

9. （　）Paul _____ from Nancy for a week after they had a fight, so the present for Nancy _____ to her, although her birthday was already two days ago.
(A) hasn't heard; hasn't given
(B) hasn't been heard; hasn't given
(C) hasn't heard; hasn't been given
(D) hasn't been heard; hasn't been given

《答案》C

詳解：「聽到消息」用主動語態；而禮物尚未「被」給出去，用被動語態。

10. （　）Lisa was made _____ the report by tomorrow, so she can't go to the party with us tonight.
(A) finish　(B) to finish
(C) finished　(D) finishing

《答案》B

詳解：使役動詞 make 的被動語態句型為「人＋be made＋to V...」。

三、克漏字選擇：(每個答案 2 分，共 16 分)

1.

Ruth：You don't look well, Dave. Are you feeling OK?
Dave：I have a cold, and that's __1.__ I look pale. It's nice of you to ask me.
Ruth：Not at all. Have you seen a doctor?
Dave：Not yet, but that's __2.__ if I don't get better tonight.
Ruth：Remember to drink more water and have a good rest today.
Dave：I'd like to, but I can't.
Ruth：What do you mean?
Dave：I have an important job interview tomorrow, so I have to prepare for it tonight.
Ruth：Oh, Dave. Being healthy is more important than anything else.
Dave：Maybe for you, but for me, the job interview is the most important.
Ruth：If that's what you think, I really want to know __3.__.
Dave：Don't worry. I'll take care of myself, but still, thank you for caring about me.
📖 pale 蒼白的

（ ）1. (A) what (B) how (C) why (D) when
（ ）2. (A) what to do (B) what plan I do
(C) what I plan to do (D) what do I plan to do
（ ）3. (A) how well your job interview go
(B) why you can stay healthy
(C) why you can get well so soon
(D) how you can get well

《答案》1. C 2. C 3. D

詳解：1. Dave 說他感冒了，那就是「為什麼」他看起來臉色蒼白，疑問詞用 why。
2. wh- 疑問詞引導的名詞子句句型為「wh- 疑問詞＋主詞＋動詞」。
3. 根據上下文意，此處應為「我真地想知道你如何能康復」才符合語意。

2.

Kara：Hey, Tim. Do you have any idea __1.__ my mask is? I've looked for it everywhere, but I still can't find it.
Tim：I don't know __2.__. You're not sick or anything. Besides, it's too hot to wear one out today.
Kara：I know. It's just that the air quality is so bad that I don't want to leave the house __3.__.
Tim：Really? How can you tell it's that bad?
Kara：The weather report said __4.__ on a scale from 1 to 10, with 10 being the worst, we're at a 10 today.
Tim：Man, that is dangerous. We're usually at a 3 at this time of year.
Kara：The report also said the poor air quality is brought by a cold front coming from the northwest.
Tim：No way! I thought all the big dark clouds in the sky were a sign of a storm coming our way.
Kara：__5.__
Tim：I see. Then I think I should get myself a mask, too.
📖 mask 口罩 quality 品質 scale 等級 cold front 冷鋒 storm 暴風雨

（ ）1. (A) what (B) how (C) where (D) if
（ ）2. (A) why you would need that
(B) how you found that
(C) if you will give me one, too
(D) where you bought it
（ ）3. (A) in such hot weather
(B) without putting one on first
(C) if it keeps raining
(D) after it gets dark
（ ）4. (A) if (B) what (C) when (D) that
（ ）5. (A) Thanks for telling me about that.
(B) Why didn't I think of that?
(C) That's not the case at all.
(D) Maybe what you thought was also right.

《答案》1. C 2. A 3. B 4. D 5. C

詳解：1. 由下句到處在找口罩可知，此句應為「你知道我的口罩在哪裡嗎？」，故疑問詞用 where。
2. 由下句「你沒有生病或怎麼了」可知，此句應為「我不知道你為何需要口罩」。
3. 根據上下文意，此句應為「只是空氣品質太糟，以致於我不想沒先戴上口罩就出門」才符合語意。
4. 根據此句語意可知，空格內應填入 that，以引導名詞子句作為動詞 said 的受詞。
5. 根據上下文意，此句應為「事實不是那樣」才符合語意。

四、閱讀測驗：(每個答案 2 分，共 34 分)

1.

Louis：What's wrong with you, Scott?
Scott：What do you mean?
Louis：I saw you sleeping in Mrs. Hardacre's class this morning. If you have any hope of graduating, that is just not done, man.
Scott：I'm well aware of that, but I just couldn't help it. I'm dead tired because I got an hour of sleep at the most last night.
Louis：What? Why? All of our big tests are over and done with. That leaves us with more than enough time to take it easy and sleep.
Scott：I know, but my lack of sleep has nothing to do with our tests. The apartment across the wall has been rented, so I have a new neighbor and a new problem.
Louis：What did he or she do to bother you?
Scott：I was bothered by her knocking over and over again on my door last night.
Louis：How rude! Did you call the police?
Scott：No, because I was busy singing karaoke. And she even left me a note on my door this morning.
Louis：Ah, I now understand the reason for her knocking.
📖 graduate 畢業 aware 知道的 lack 缺少 rent 租 neighbor 鄰居 knock 敲 rude 無禮的 karaoke 卡拉 OK understand 了解

（ ）1. Which note was left on Scott's door by his new neighbor?
(A) "I really don't want to call the police, so please turn your TV down when you watch late at night."
(B) "Next time, knock louder because I can't hear anything when my friends and I are singing karaoke."
(C) "Sorry to hear that you failed your test. I know it because the walls are really thin and you and your friends were talking really loudly last night." 📖 fail 不及格
(D) "Your taste in music isn't too bad. However, could you not sing after ten at night? I need to be at work very early in the morning. Thanks."
（ ）2. Which of the following is correct?
(A) Scott's neighbor was invited to join him.
(B) To Scott, singing is more important than sleeping.

(C) Louis knew that Scott has problems sleeping at night.

(D) The police were called in to stop the fight between Scott and his neighbor.

《答案》1. D　2. B

詳解：1. 從最後一個 Scott 可知，Scott 一整晚都在唱卡拉 OK，吵得他的鄰居無法睡覺，所以留言內容應該是請 Scott 不要超過晚上十點後唱歌比較符合文意。

2. 由 Scott 唱歌唱了一整晚而不睡覺可推知，他認為唱歌比睡覺重要。

2.

(On Wednesday night)
Gina：Hey, Bob, do you have Sally's number?　She's having a birthday party for her little brother this weekend, and she asked if I could help her prepare for it.
Bob：I do, but I'm actually just about to leave for her place.　Do you want to come with me?
Cindy：What?　Sally's going to have a party?　How come everyone knows it except me?
Gina：Don't be upset, Cindy.　You told us that you're going to have a big test next week, so we didn't want you to lose focus.　What's more, your place is quite far from Sally's, and you don't have a car.　We didn't think it would be convenient for you to go.
Bob：Gina's right.　Also, Sally said she would ask the three of us out after your test.　So, just get ready for your test, and we'll keep you informed.
Cindy：All right.　I'll go get her brother a birthday present tomorrow.　Can you take it to the party for me?
Gina and Bob：It will be our pleasure.

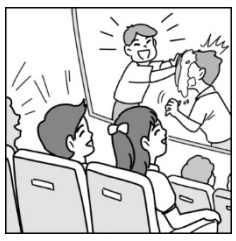
📖 upset 難過的；生氣的　focus 注意力　far 遙遠的　informed 了解情況的

（　）1. What can we learn from the dialogue?

📖 dialogue 對話

(A) Sally has held the party for a week.
(B) Gina, Bob, and Cindy will all go to Sally's party.
(C) Bob and Gina just left Sally's place.
(D) Sally will meet Bob, Gina, and Cindy at another time.

（　）2. What is Sally going to do with her brother this weekend?

(A)


(B)


(C)


(D)


《答案》1. D　2. B

詳解：1. 根據 Bob 所說，Sally 說她會在 Cindy 考試之後約他們三人一起出去。

2. 由 Gina 說的第一段話可知，Sally 本週末要為她弟弟舉辦一個生日派對。

3.

Lillian knows if she doesn't write things down, she will forget them easily.　She doesn't want that to happen, so she makes time to keep a diary every night. The following are some of the things she has written down in her diary.

October 31
I'm not sure if it was the nice weather or the holiday that brought so many people out to see the animals.　Everyone was so excited about being here that they even cheered when the special treats were brought into the cages.

November 2
What a surprise!　Jing Jing brought two little pandas into the world today.　Though they seem too small and weak to survive, and we're not sure if she will take care of both of them, we will do everything in our power to give them a fighting chance.

November 11
We all knew it was only a matter of time before Solomon left us.　He was just getting too old and sick to live like a big cat should.　He and his once powerful roar will surely be missed by us.

November 24
Today is truly a day for thanks.　That boy was so lucky that Kimiko was there to protect him from the other monkeys after he fell into their area.　I can't believe his parents didn't stop him from climbing over the fence.

📖 cage 籠子　seem 似乎　survive 存活　roar 吼叫　protect 保護　fence 柵欄

（　）1. Where does Lillian work?
(A) At a zoo.　(B) At a pet store.
(C) At a hospital.　(D) At a sea park.

（　）2. What happened to Solomon?
(A) He was sold by Lillian.
(B) He was bitten by a big cat.
(C) He was moved to another place.
(D) He is dead.

（　）3. What does Lillian feel about the little pandas?
(A) She knows they are too weak to fight.
(B) She wants to know if they like their mom.
(C) She's not sure whether they will live.
(D) She can't believe they didn't survive.

《答案》1. A　2. D　3. C

詳解：1. 由 Lillian 的日記可知，她在動物園工作。

2. 由「He was just getting too old and sick to live…」可知，Solomon 死於疾病與年老。

3. 由「We can't tell if they are too small and weak to survive」可知，Lillian 不確定小熊貓是否能存活。

4.

Picture it.　You have just gotten into a car, and in no time at all, it drives you home.　The surprising thing is that the steering wheel doesn't need to be controlled. Also, the pedals don't have to be pushed to make the car go or stop, and you don't have to pay any mind to or see what's happening on the roads.　What's more, no person has been paid to do all that for you.　That's because the car is doing it by itself.　You might want to know if you are dreaming, but you are not, because it is in fact a driverless car.

A driverless car is also called a self-driving car, and it works just like the ones people have now. The biggest difference between them is that the driverless car doesn't need a person to control it. The car can sense what is around it. Also, it is built with so much new technology that it knows where it is and where it is going. A lot of great things are going to come about because of driverless cars, such as fewer problems on the roads. At the moment, self-driving cars are still being tested. However, it won't be long before driverless cars are actually seen on the roads.

📖 steering wheel 方向盤 control 控制 pedal 踏板 driverless 無人駕駛的 difference 差異 sense 感覺到 technology 科技

（ ）1. What is the reading mainly about?
(A) How driverless cars see the roads.
(B) Why driverless cars are created.
(C) When driverless cars will come out.
(D) What a driverless car is.

（ ）2. How are traditional cars different from driverless ones? 📖 traditional 傳統的
(A) They don't have pedals to make them go and stop.
(B) They need to be controlled by people.
(C) They have no steering wheels.
(D) They have never been tested.

（ ）3. According to the reading, which is true about driverless cars? 📖 according to 根據
(A) They will make the roads safer.
(B) They are made with little technology.
(C) They can be seen on the roads now.
(D) Making them will create a lot of trash.

《答案》1. D 2. B 3. A

詳解：1. 綜觀全文皆在介紹無人駕駛汽車的性能及與傳統汽車的差別。
2. 由第二段第二句可知，無人駕駛汽車與傳統汽車最大的差別在於，無人駕駛汽車不需人為操作，而傳統車需要。
3. 由第二段倒數第三句可知，無人駕駛汽車會帶來許多好事，減少交通事故是其中之一。

5.

Dear Diary,

Help! Please tell me what to do! I found a card in my desk drawer at school today, but I don't know who it was from.

I can tell that it was made by hand. It was beautifully designed and decorated with lots of beautiful flowers and drawings. Also, a note was written inside. It said that the sender of the card thought that I was a wonderful person. He then listed how big and bright my eyes are and how my skin shines. He wanted to know what made me laugh because he loved how my laugh sounded. He said it was so wonderful that he could listen to it all day long every day. Finally, he explained how he always wanted to talk to me, but he was not brave enough to do so. He said he wasn't sure if I would be scared off by him. That was why he decided to send the card.

I have no idea who this person could be. I also don't know whether I should try to find it out. However, I know that I'm very surprised at this, and I'm even more curious about it.

📖 design 設計 decorate 裝飾 drawing 圖畫 note 便條 skin 皮膚 curious 好奇的

（ ）1. What is the writer's problem?
(A) She can't tell which friend is scared of her.
(B) She isn't sure whether she can design a card.
(C) She doesn't know where the card came from.
(D) She wants to make sure if the card is made by hand.

（ ）2. According to the diary, why did the sender send the card to the writer? 📖 according to 根據
(A) Because he wanted to talk to her.
(B) Because he thought she was scary.
(C) Because he thought she didn't notice him.
(D) Because he wanted to thank her for listening to him.

（ ）3. Which of the following about the writer was NOT written in the note?
(A) How her skin lights up.
(B) What her hair looks like.
(C) How her laugh sounds.
(D) What her eyes look like.

《答案》1. C 2. A 3. B

詳解：1. 由第一段可知，作者「不知道這張卡片來自哪個人」。
2. 由第二段倒數第三句可知，寄件人是因為想跟作者講話所以寄這張卡片。
3. 綜觀全文，這封信並未描述作者的髮型。

6.

People have great ideas for their own shops and companies. However, they don't always have the funds to get them off the ground, do they? They have several ways of getting the money. The old way is to go to a bank, apply for a loan, and hope they get it. That takes time, doesn't it? Also, people don't know if they will get the loan because it depends on what a small group of people think of their idea. Now, there's a new way to get things started.

It is an international money collecting website called Indiegogo. The company is in San Francisco and was started by Eric Schell, Slava Rubin, and Danae Ringelmann in 2008. Indiegogo helps people get their interesting ideas out there. It also gives them control over their own projects. Basically, people with the ideas make a webpage for their projects, and on it, they tell others that are using the Internet what they are doing and what kind of help they need. The more people see their page and donate, the more money they will raise. If none is raised, they don't need to pay Indiegogo. For those that have raised enough money to start their projects, a small fee is required for using Indiegogo's website. It's a win-win for both sides, isn't it?

📖 company 公司 get sth off the ground 使……開始 apply for a loan 申請貸款 depend on 取決於 international 國際的 website 網站 control 控制 project 企劃 basically 基本上 webpage 網頁 donate 捐錢 none 沒有東西 owe 欠 fee 費用 require 需要

（ ）1. What does "funds" mean?
(A) Ideas. (B) Time. (C) Money. (D) People.

（ ）2. What is the problem with bank loans?
(A) They take too long to get.
(B) Banks give them out to everyone.
(C) They are the old way for people to donate.
(D) People never get enough money from them.

（ ）3. What do people on Indiegogo have to do?
(A) Tell banks all their money problems.
(B) Pay a fee if they raise enough money.
(C) Take care of other people's webpages.

(D) Ask the website to talk about their projects.

（　）4. What can we learn about Indiegogo?

(A) Three bank workers started it.

(B) It has offices all over the USA.

(C) It is only for people with money.

(D) People all over the world can use it.

《答案》1. C　2. A　3. B　4. D

詳解：1. 由 have the funds to get them off the ground 可知，要有這個東西才能讓他們的事業順利開始，後句又說他們有幾種辦法可以得到錢，故可知 funds 是錢的同義字。

2. 由第一段第五句可知，申請貸款很花時間。

3. 由第二段倒數第二句可知，若集到了足夠的資金而成功開始企劃的使用者，需繳交一小筆 Indiegogo 網站的使用費。

4. 由文中介紹 Indiegogo 可知，這是一個國際募資網站，專門給有新點子的人使用，若籌不到資金不需繳交任何費用，若有成功籌到足夠的資金才需繳交少量的使用費。所以全世界的人都可以使用這個網站來募資。

五、依提示回答問題：(每題 3 分，共 9 分)

1. George / will / go to / the / theater / not / he（完成句子）

_____

《答案》George will go to the theater, won't he?

詳解：直述句為肯定，用否定附加問句。

2. Does the salesman lie to Mr. Smith?
（加上 Nobody knows 改寫句子）

_____

《答案》Nobody knows if / whether the salesman lies to Mr. Smith (or not).

詳解：whether / if 引導的名詞子句句型為「whether / if ＋主詞＋動詞… (or not)」。

3. No one noticed Jane leaving the party.（加入附加問句）

_____

《答案》No one noticed Jane leaving the party, did they?

詳解：前句有否定意味的 no one，故附加問句開頭使用肯定助動詞 did；而當前句的主詞為不定代名詞時，附加問句的代名詞須用 they。

六、整句式翻譯：(每題 3 分，共 9 分)

1. 復活節也在臺灣被慶祝嗎？

_____

《答案》Is Easter celebrated in Taiwan, too?

2. 垃圾不應該被放在廚房裡，是嗎？

_____

《答案》Garbage shouldn't be put in the kitchen, should it?

3. 別告訴我關於這部電影的結局，好嗎？

_____

《答案》Don't tell me about the ending of the movie, will you?

本卷為校內專用卷，恕不販售，歡迎教師自行影印。

康軒文教事業

3 上 114學年 題庫段考卷 範圍 第三次段考(L5-L6)

___年___班___號 姓名_____ 總分

一、字彙測驗：(每題 2 分，共 10 分)

1. (　) _____ can be vegetables, and they can also be fruit.
(A) Lemons (B) Pears (C) Tomatoes (D) Peaches
《答案》C
詳解：選項中，是蔬菜也是水果的只有「番茄」。

2. (　) Amy doesn't eat junk food（垃圾食物）. She only eats healthy and _____ food, such as fruit and vegetables.
(A) natural (B) pink (C) purple (D) married
《答案》A
詳解：Amy 不吃垃圾食物。她只吃健康跟「天然的」食物，例如水果和蔬菜。

3. (　) A：Do you know where the book *The American Baseball History* is?
B：It's on the shelf _____ your head. It's too high for you. Let me get it for you.
(A) below (B) beside (C) near (D) above
《答案》D
詳解：由 It's too high for you.可知，書應在 A 頭部的「上方」。

4. (　) A：Would you like a _____?
B：No, thanks. I don't like fruit.
(A) trick (B) lollipop (C) cookie (D) pear
《答案》D
詳解：由 B 回答「我不喜歡水果」可知，A 問的是某種水果，而四個選項中只有「梨子」是水果。

5. (　) The department store is having a summer sales _____. Let's go and take a look.
(A) promotion (B) profit (C) sample (D) height
《答案》A
詳解：那間百貨公司正在舉行夏季特賣「促銷」。我們去看看吧。

二、文法測驗：(每題 2 分，共 20 分)

1. (　) We went to the store that _____ second-hand clothes.
(A) to sell (B) sells (C) sell (D) selling
《答案》B
詳解：先行詞 store 是單數名詞，故形容詞子句中的動詞也用單數形式。

2. (　) The little boy _____ blue shorts is Johnny. He is my cousin.
(A) of (B) in (C) by (D) about
《答案》B
詳解：表「穿著」的介系詞須用 in。

3. (　) Patty knows the movie star _____ is very popular with teenagers.
(A) who (B) those (C) which (D) he
《答案》A
詳解：形容詞子句的先行詞是人，關係代名詞用 who 或 that。

4. (　) A：Excuse me, I'm looking for a book _____ cover（封面）has a pink lollipop on it. Do you know _____ I can find it?
B：Try the third floor.
(A) that; where (B) which; which
(C) whose; where (D) whose; ╳
《答案》C
詳解：第一個空格後為名詞，故用 whose 代替所有格。第二個空格前無先行詞，故應為 where 引導 wh- 名詞子句當動詞 know 的受詞。

5. (　) Jane is nice and friendly. She is the kind of woman _____ many people want to _____.
(A) what; go out (B) ╳; go out with
(C) that; go out (D) which; go out with
《答案》B
詳解：先行詞 the kind of woman 是人，關係代名詞須用 that 或 who，又關係代名詞在關係子句中當受格，故關代亦可省略。又 go out with 表「和……外出」。

6. (　) The pants I _____ for my son last night _____ too short.
(A) buy; is (B) buy; are
(C) bought; are (D) bought; is
《答案》C
詳解：由 last night 可知，關係子句應用過去式，又主詞 the pants 為複數名詞，應搭配 be 動詞的複數形。

7. (　) Ken is a perfect husband. He's honest and supportive（支持的）. This is _____ Jane wants in a marriage（婚姻）.
(A) ╳ (B) what (C) it (D) who
《答案》B
詳解：空格前無先行詞，故選 what。

8. (　) The flowers _____ put in the vase（花瓶） _____ picked by my grandma this morning.
(A) which; were (B) that were; were
(C) that was; was (D) that; was
《答案》B
詳解：形容詞子句的先行詞是物品，關係代名詞要用 which 或 that。先行詞 the flowers 為複數名詞，被動式的動詞用 were；主要句的動詞應該根據主詞 the flowers 做變化，故用複數 be 動詞的過去式 were。

9. (　) Taipei is the city in _____ Sandra was born.
(A) which (B) it (C) that (D) ╳
《答案》A
詳解：介系詞在前時，關係代名詞受格不可省略。當先行詞為事物或動物時，關係代名詞只可用 which，不可用 that。

10. (　) The comic book _____ really interests me. I really want to buy one for myself.
(A) which belongs to Jim
(B) which is belonged to Jim
(C) belongs to Jim
(D) that is belonged to Jim
《答案》A
詳解：先行詞是物，關代用 which / that。本書屬於 Jim 所有，故用「belong to＋人」，且須用主動語態。

三、克漏字選擇：(每個答案 2 分，共 18 分)

1.

Carol：Hey, __1.__?
Vincent：Do you mean the one __2.__ Eric is talking to?
Carol：Yes.
Vincent：That's Alice, the one __3.__ many boys at school were crazy about.
Carol：__4.__ I don't remember her. Also, why is she here at our class reunion?
Vincent：She was in Class 801, and she's Eric's girlfriend now.
Carol：I see.
📖 be crazy about 著迷 class reunion 同學會

（　）1. (A) are you looking for a new job
(B) how long have you known Eric
(C) can you tell me why they are here
(D) who's the tall girl with long straight hair
（　）2. (A) who　(B) which　(C) she　(D) whose
（　）3. (A) which　(B) what　(C) that　(D) she
（　）4. (A) She wasn't our classmate, right?
(B) Come to think of it, she really was.
(C) Can I pass up the chance to know more about her?
(D) It sounds like a trick.　Don't fool me.

《答案》1. D　2. A　3. C　4. A

詳解：1. 由下句「你是指 Eric 正在交談的那位嗎？」可知，Carol 應該是詢問 Vincent 一位她不認識的人。
2. 先行詞 the one 指人，關係代名詞用 who 或 that。
3. 先行詞 the one 指 Alice，關係代名詞用 who 或 that。
4. 由下文「我不記得她。而且她怎麼會出現在我們的同學會？」可知，Carol 在質疑 Alice 的身分。

2.

If having your own business is a dream of yours, but you don't know where to get started, then I have a few tips that might help you.

Do you know what it takes to open your own business?　It of course takes a lot of time, money, and hard work.　__1.__　That idea can be for a new product that people can't live without, or it can be for a new service that will make people's lives easier.　Or, it can be anything in between.

__2.__　It actually may be easier and more interesting for you to think about what problem your product or service will fix.　Just think—__3.__. However, we don't always have a way to fix them.　So, if your product or service can do that, then it should fill a hole in the market.　What's more, people __4.__ that problem will come knocking on your door.

For those of you with a product or service already in mind, don't be in a hurry to go big.　I know it's exciting to want to get your idea out there and in the best form possible.　If you're not careful, you could __5.__ with a product or service that is too expensive and that nobody wants.　So, it's best to start small and keep things simple.　The customers that you get will love you for it, and so will your bank account.

📖 hole 洞　knock 敲　account 帳戶

（　）1. (A) It doesn't mean there'll be something surprising.
(B) It will be made from the bottom of other people's hearts.
(C) It also takes an idea that is all your own.
(D) It needs something with clear information.
（　）2. (A) If you know where to get started, then read on.
(B) For those of you without an idea for something to sell, don't worry.
(C) I don't know if you know owning a business is a dream of mine.
(D) For people with lots of ideas, write them down.
（　）3. (A) we all have problems
(B) nobody has an idea what the problem is
(C) you can't help everyone
(D) everybody wants to have something fun
（　）4. (A) of　(B) in　(C) about　(D) with
（　）5. (A) end up　(B) be filled
(C) hold onto　(D) make up

《答案》1. C　2. B　3. A　4. D　5. A

詳解：1. 由後句「那個點子可以是一個人們生活不可或缺的新產品……」可知，此處應為「它也需要一個完全屬於你自己的點子」才符合語意。
2. 由下一段是「那些頭腦中已經有產品或服務想法的人們」可知，此處應為「那些沒有想法要賣什麼的人，不用擔心」才符合語意。
3. 由後句「然而，我們不總是有方法解決它們」可知，此處應為「我們都有一些問題」才符合語意。
4. 此處為「有那樣問題的人」，介系詞用 with。
5. 由前句「如果你不謹慎小心」及後句「你的產品或服務可能太貴或沒有人要」可知，此處應為 end up 表「最後」才符合語意。

四、閱讀測驗：(每個答案 2 分，共 34 分)

1.

(Mr. Chen found this poem on the Internet and shared it with students.)

Our Earth
The Earth is ours to enjoy
For every little girl and boy.
But we must always be aware
That all its beauty we must share
With all the children yet to come,
Who want to laugh and play and run
Around the trees and in the fields.
So we must keep our planet free
From messy trash and debris
With air that's clean and fresh and clear
For all to breathe from year to year.
We must never ever abuse
Our sweet Earth that's ours to use.

From：
https://www.canteach.ca/resources/songs-poems/earth-day/

📖 poem 詩　aware 察覺的　beauty 美　messy 髒亂的　debris 殘骸　breathe 呼吸　abuse 濫用

（　）1. What does "its" refer to?　📖 refer to 意指
(A) The writer's.　(B) The Earth's.
(C) The little girl's.　(D) The child's.
（　）2. What is this poem about?
(A) Loving every child.
(B) Enjoying every day.
(C) Caring for the Earth.
(D) Finding new planets.

《答案》1. B　2. C

詳解：1. 由第一句提到 The Earth 可知，its 指「地球的」。
2. 由最後兩行可知，這首詩的主旨為「珍惜地球」。

2.

My name is Willy, and I am in the second year of junior high school.　I usually get up at around six in the morning and leave home at about ten after seven.　I go to school by bus, and it takes me fifty minutes to get there.　However, I sometimes take a taxi when I don't catch the bus.

At school, math used to give me a big headache because it was my worst subject, but that has all changed.　Last year, Miss Livingston started teaching math at my school, and she really knows what she is doing.　Also, when I ask questions about something confusing, she patiently explains until I understand.　I really like her and her class, and I am much better at math now.

Of all my subjects, I like history the best.　Mr. Brown knows a lot about it and tells interesting stories about famous people from all over the world in class.　Between classes, I always play basketball with my classmates, Curt and James.　We also have lunch together every day.

After school, I take a bus home. I usually spend two hours doing my homework and studying for tests. When I finish, it's usually about the time that my father comes home from work. We have dinner together every day. After dinner, I watch sports on TV for one hour, and then I go to bed at ten. This is a typical day of my life.

📖 confusing 令人困惑的 patiently 耐心地 typical 典型的

（ ）1. Which subject did Willy use to be bad at?
(A) Math. (B) History.
(C) English. (D) Science.

（ ）2. Which is NOT true about Willy?
(A) His father usually has dinner with him.
(B) He enjoys watching sports on TV and playing basketball.
(C) It takes him about one hour to go to and from school each day.
(D) Miss Livingston has helped him a lot in math.

《答案》1. A 2. C

詳解：1. 由第二段第一句可知，數學以前對 Willy 來說是很令他頭痛的科目。

2. (A) 由第四段可知，Willy 的爸爸每天跟 Willy 一起吃晚餐；(B) Willy 課間打籃球，晚上看運動節目，可知他喜愛籃球；(C) 搭公車上學去、回程都要 50 分鐘，來回至少要 1 小時 40 分鐘，並非只有一小時；(D) 由第二段可知，Willy 以前數學不好，後來因為 Livingston 老師的教導而大幅進步。

3.

Dear Pei-chi,

I love your last letter. The story about you getting hit in the face with a cream pie made me laugh so hard that my sides hurt. Also, I was not expecting you to send a picture of you and your family at all. From now on, I'll always picture your face with a big, happy smile when I write to you.

Now, it's my turn to do the same for you. The picture was taken two years ago when my family and I celebrated my grandfather's 75th birthday. As you can see, I have a big family. The man that is older and in the middle is my grandfather, and the woman that is to his left is my mother. The baby that is on her lap is my little sister, Zoe, and the young man that is at the very end is my oldest brother, Brent. The two young women that are behind him are my older twin sisters, Carrie and Chloe, and the one that is next to them is me. I really look like my mother, don't I? Then the two boys that are to my right are my younger brothers, Quinn and Taylor, and the man that is in front of them is my dad. Isn't he handsome?

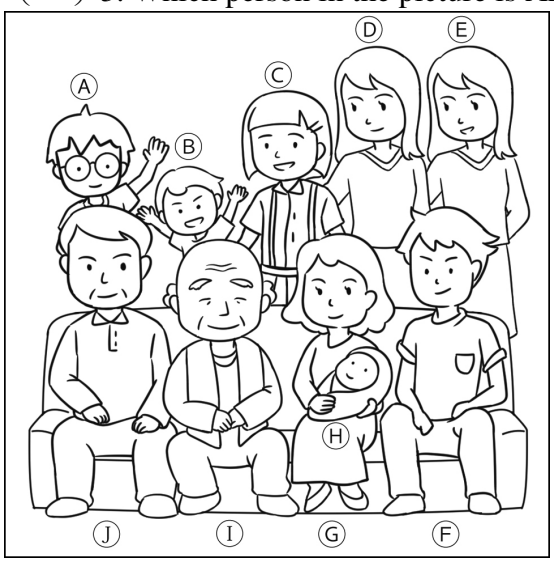
Take care,
Ariel

📖 side 肋部 lap 膝部 twin 雙胞胎之一 handsome 英俊的

（ ）1. Why did Ariel send Pei-chi a picture?
(A) Pei-chi started it.
(B) She wanted her brother and Pei-chi to get married.
(C) Pei-chi asked her to do that.
(D) She no longer wanted the picture.

（ ）2. What does Ariel share about her and her family?
(A) She has more brothers than sisters.
(B) Her older sisters were born on the same day.
(C) She is the youngest child in her family.
(D) Her grandfather celebrated her birthday with pie.

（ ）3. Which person in the picture is Ariel?



(A) E (B) C (C) B (D) H

《答案》1. A 2. B 3. B

詳解：1. 第一段提到 Pei-chi 寄了一張全家福照片給 Ariel，所以她才寄了一張自己的全家福照片給對方。

2. 第二段 Ariel 提到自己有一對雙胞胎姐姐叫 Carrie 和 Chloe。

3. 根據信件內容，Ariel 就站在雙胞胎姐姐 Carrie 和 Chloe 的旁邊。

4.

Do you get tired easily? Maybe the way you live has something to do with that. Check the following list of habits to see if they are the reasons for the problem and if you have any of them.

1. Everything has to be perfect, and you feel unhappy when it is not. You work really hard to reach this goal, but sometimes it is not what you are able to do. In the end, the only thing you get is wasted time.

2. Fast food is a big part of your everyday life. It is convenient to have fast food, but it is not healthy, and it makes your blood sugar higher. To bring that back down to a safe level, you need to change your eating habits; for example, you should get more fresh fruit and vegetables.

3. Your desk is always in a mess. Get things in order by cleaning up your desk, making it neat, and putting things that you don't need in the drawers. Before leaving the office, get everything ready for the next morning.

4. You always go to bed late on weekends. If you stay up late on Saturday night and sleep late on Sunday morning, you will have problems getting to sleep on Sunday night. What you need to do is to get up at the same hour and take a short break in the afternoon.

5. You don't exercise when you have free time. You need to get 30 minutes of exercise a day, five days a week. That will help you grow stronger.

How many of the bad habits above do you have? If you have them all, you really need to change the way you live.

📖 goal 目標 blood 血 in a mess 一團亂 neat 整潔的；有序的

（ ）1. What does "it" refer to? 📖 refer to 指稱
(A) To work hard. (B) To make profits.
(C) To feel tired. (D) To be perfect.

（　）2. Allen works eight hours a day and is always late for work on Mondays because he can't sleep the night before. When he is at his desk, he has no idea where to start because there are things everywhere.　At noon, he usually has an apple and a salad with some chicken.　How many items on the list does Allen most likely make a check?

(A) 1.　(B) 2.　(C) 3.　(D) 4.

（　）3. What is the main idea of the reading?

(A) Having a perfect life is easy.

(B) Actions speak louder than words.

(C) Bad habits make your health worse than you think.

(D) Work is more important than one's health.

《答案》1. D　2. B　3. C

詳解：1. it 指稱的名詞須往前推論：因為對所有事都「要求完美」，但有時此目標卻超過自己能力所及。

2.「晚睡晚起」跟「桌面雜亂」這兩點文章中有提到。

3. 由整篇文章裡的五個要點可知，不好的生活習慣會影響你的健康。

5.

Palm reading can give you some ideas about yourself.　Before you do that, you need to know what the most important lines are and where they are on the palm.

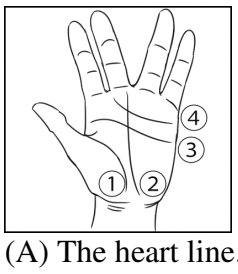
First is the big line that begins at the side of the palm between the thumb and index finger and usually goes down to the wrist.　It is called the life line, and it gives you an idea about your health and how long you might live.

Next is the line that starts at the same place as the life line and runs across the palm.　It is called the head line, and its length tells how smart a person is.　So, the longer it is, the smarter you are.　Above that is the heart line.　It runs across the palm to below the little finger at the edge of the hand.　It shows how strong your heart is and how you feel about love.

After that is the line that runs from the bottom of the palm up to the bottom of the middle finger.　It shows when and how you will become successful and is called the fate line.

📖 palm 手掌　thumb 拇指　index finger 食指　wrist 手腕　edge 邊緣　fate 命運

（　）1. Which line is line two?



(A) The heart line.　(B) The head line.

(C) The fate line.　(D) The life line.

（　）2. What does "its length" mean?

(A) How short the middle finger is.

(B) How strong the heart line is.

(C) How big and wide the palm is.

(D) How long the head line is.

（　）3. Which is correct?

(A) The heart line tells a person's feelings.

📖 feelings 感覺

(B) The head line tells when a person's life ends.

(C) The fate line shows how smart a person is.

(D) The life line is all about a person's money.

《答案》1. C　2. D　3. A

詳解：1. 第四段提到，從手腕底部到中指下方的這條線，稱為「命運線」。

2. 第三段提到，智慧線（the head line）越長的人，越聰明。故 its length 表智慧線「長度」之意。

3. 第三段最後一句提到，感情線（the heart line）顯示你心臟的強度以及你對愛的感覺。

6.

Clerk：Hello, may I speak to Stephanie Lin?

Stephanie：Speaking.　Who's calling, please?

Clerk：I'm calling from Popular Rentals.　The deadline for the five comic books and the novel you borrowed was three days ago.

Stephanie：Oh, no!　I totally forgot about that.　I'm really sorry.　Can you tell me what the books are?

Clerk：Sure.　They are *City Hunter*, number one to number five, and the first *Harry Potter* book.　Please get them back as soon as possible if you don't want to pay a bigger late fee for the overdue books.

Stephanie：OK, got it.　Also, could you tell me how much you charge for the overdue books?

Clerk：It's NT$2 a day for each comic book, and NT$5 for each novel.

Stephanie：OK, I'll be there in one hour with them because I'm in the middle of putting my kids to bed.

Clerk：I'm afraid we will be closing in 30 minutes.　We open in the morning at nine, so if you get them back before nine thirty tomorrow, we won't charge you for another day.

Stephanie：Oh, that's fantastic, thank you!

Clerk：No problem.　See you tomorrow.

📖 deadline 最後期限　novel 小說　borrow 借（入）　hunter 獵人　fee 費用　overdue 過期的　charge 索費

（　）1. How much will Stephanie have to pay if she gives the books back right after the phone call?

(A) NT$15.　(B) NT$30.　(C) NT$45.　(D) NT$60.

（　）2. Why CAN'T Stephanie get to Popular Rentals before it closes?

(A) She's already in bed.

(B) She's busy with her children.

(C) She's still reading the comic books.

(D) She's in the middle of *Harry Potter*.

（　）3. Which is true about Stephanie?

(A) She returned the books last night.

📖 return 歸還

(B) She didn't remember to return the books.

(C) She has to pay NT$60 if she returns the books at nine tomorrow.

(D) She was reading a comic book in Popular Rentals at eight thirty yesterday morning.

（　）4. When will you say "that's fantastic"?

(A) When you tell someone to go away.

(B) When you're not happy with something.

(C) When someone has just told you something good.

(D) When someone has just said or asked something stupid.

《答案》1. C　2. B　3. B　4. C

詳解：1. 由對話可知，漫畫書一本一天新臺幣兩元，小說一本一天新臺幣五元，Stephanie 借了五本漫畫與一本小說，共延誤了三天歸還，合計新臺幣四十五元。

2. 因為 Stephanie 正在哄睡孩子，所以無法立刻歸還。

3. (A) 由對話可知，Stephanie 是在店員打電話通知書籍歸還逾期時，才想起自己尚未還書；(C) 在店員倒數第二次說話時提到，如果 Stephanie 現在很忙，可以明天早上九點三十分之前來還書，而且不會有額外的罰款，所以九點還書只要繳罰金新臺幣四十五元；(D) 營業時間是從早上九點開始，

可知早上八點三十分時，Stephanie 不可能在書店裡看書。
4. 由上下文可推知，that's fantastic 指「真是太好了」。

五、依提示回答問題：(每題 3 分，共 9 分)

1. The vegetable oil is good for health.
   Aunt Laura uses the vegetable oil.
   （用後句形成關係子句修飾前句）

   _____

《答案》The vegetable oil (which / that) Aunt Laura uses is good for health.
詳解：先行詞為物，關係代名詞可用 which 或 that；此處關係代名詞為受詞，亦可省略。

2. the man / Ms. Chang / be / talking / to / be / Angel's father
   （完成句子）

   _____

《答案》The man (who / that) Ms. Chang is talking to is Angel's father.
詳解：關係子句的主詞 Ms. Chang 為第三人稱單數，應搭配單數 be 動詞 is；主要子句的主詞 the man 是單數名詞，也要搭配單數 be 動詞 is；who 或 that 在此處為關係代名詞當受詞用，亦可省略。

3. The products <u>in the bag</u> look expensive.
   （用動詞 pack 形成關係子句改寫畫線部分）

   _____

《答案》The products which / that are packed in the bag look expensive.
詳解：the products 為物，關係代名詞要用 which 或 that。產品是「被包好」在袋子裡，故用被動語態 are packed。

六、整句式翻譯：(每題 3 分，共 9 分)

1. Daniel 喜歡讀有關科學和動物的書。（用介系詞片語）

   _____

《答案》Daniel likes reading / to read books about science and animals.

2. Kevin 向一個來自外國的男性學英文。（關係子句）

   _____

《答案》Kevin learns English from a man who / that is / comes from a foreign country.

3. 你曾經聽過這首由 Lisa 所寫的歌嗎？

   _____

《答案》Have you (ever) heard of the song which / that was written by Lisa?